

UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMME (UNDAP) HEALTH AND NUTRITION



**World Health
Organization**

UNDAP Problem statement

Existence of low health and nutritional status of the population which manifests itself by high rates of diseases, malnutrition, deaths and Low life expectancy



Where the problem statements originates

1. MKUKUTA II annotated outline:

From item 2.3.2. Status and challenges in health related issues

- Areas to be emphasized will include:
- Life expectancy of the general population
- Mortality rates of selected population groups – e.g. under-5, maternal, etc.



Where the problem statements originates

- Among the factors behind mortality rates – those within and without the health sector per se.
- fertility rates and their links to mortality rate, education, etc and the whole issue of population dynamics
- malnutrition
- Malaria, TB, and HIV and AIDS



Where the problem statements originates

2. Health Sector Strategic Plan III 2009-15 and Primary Health Services Development Programme (MAMM) 2007-2015

From 1.2.3 Health situation and link with poverty



Key causes of the problem statement

- High neonatal, child and maternal death mortality
- High burden of communicable and non communicable diseases
- Persistence of high level of maternal and child malnutrition
- Weak health systems in place
- Inequities and inequalities in access and utilisation of health services



Agreed outcome and outputs

Outcomes

- Relevant MDAs and LGAs develop, implement and monitor policies, plans and budgets for effective delivery of health services

Outputs

- MoHSW, RHMTs, ZHMTs and CHMTs planning, leadership and management skills are enhanced
- MOHSW and LGA capacity to plan, implement, monitor and evaluate the One Plan for Maternal, Newborn and Child Health improved
- Relevant MDAs and LGAs develop and implement policies, strategies and guidelines to scale up evidence based interventions for communicable and non-communicable diseases



Agreed outcome and outputs

Outcomes

- Tertiary and district health facilities in Zanzibar increase the coverage of quality EmOC, newborn, child and post natal services

Outputs

- Tertiary and District health facilities in Zanzibar are equipped to provide quality EmOC, Newborn and Postnatal services
- Interventions to improve care seeking behaviour of women and care givers for EmOC, newborn and postnatal and child services implemented



Agreed outcome and outputs

Outcomes

- Relevant MDAs and LGAs integrate nutrition into policies, plans and budgets and strengthen institutional arrangements for delivery of services
- MOHSW, LGAs and Shehias strengthen community health structures and communication strategies for promoting health and nutrition behaviors

Outputs

- National institutional arrangements prioritize nutrition in policies, plans and budgets.
- Priority regions and districts deliver essential nutrition services effectively
- Community health structures are systematically analyzed and strengthened
- Evidence based integrated communication strategies for improving behaviors and uptake of services, including adolescent health and nutrition, are developed and implemented



Agreed outcome and outputs

Outcomes

- MOHSW and LGAs produce, quality and timely data for evidence based planning and decision making
- MOHSW and LGAs develop Human Resources for Health (HRH) policy and plans

Outputs

- Health M&E and surveillance systems at national, select regional and district levels are strengthened.
- Health-related MDAs and LGAs develop and implement evidence based plans and budgets
- Effective implementation, M&E of National HRH Policy
- Alternative approaches to health worker skills development and utilisation are in place
- Community Health Worker (CHW) scheme, as envisaged in the Primary Health Services Development Programme, is established and functional



Agreed outcome and outputs

Outcomes

- An effective National integrated supply chain and management system for medical supplies is operationalized

Outputs

- Medical supplies systems for quantification, procurement, storage and distribution are accurate, centrally linked and computerized .
- Medical supplies in Tanzania are effectively regulated Effective implementation, M&E of National HRH Policy
- MoHSW promotes rational utilization of medical supplies and technologies



Thank you
Asanteni sana

